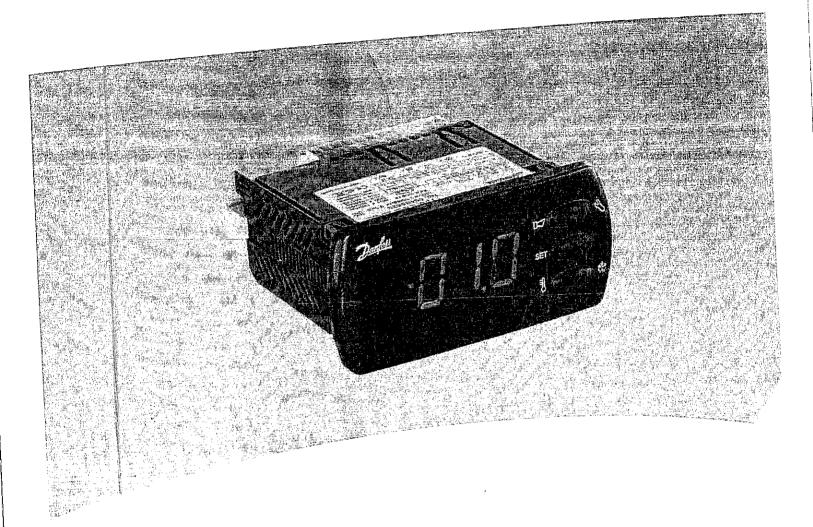
Darrivso



# Controller for temperature control - EKC 204A

### Introduction

### Application

- The controller is used for temperature control refrigeration appliances in supermarkets
- With many predefined applications one unit will offer you many options. Flexibility has been planned both for new installations and for service in the refrigeration trade

### Principle

The controller contains a temperature control where the signal can be received from one or two temperature sensors.

The thermostat sensors are either placed in the cold air flow after the evaporator, in the warm air flow just before the evaporator, or both. A setting will determine how great an influence the two signals are to have on the control.

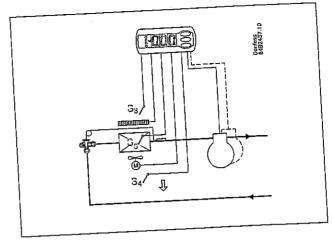
A measurement of the defrost temperature can be obtained directly through the use of an 55 sensor or indirectly through the use of the S4 measurement. Four relays will cut the required functions in and out – the application determines which. The options are the following:

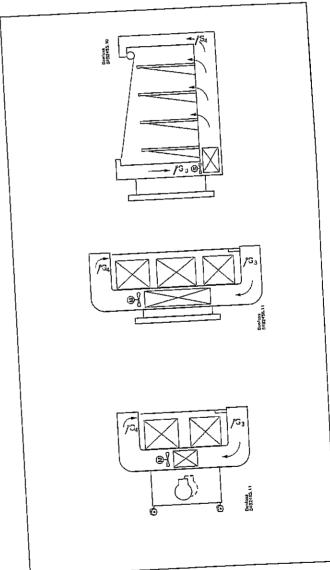
- Refrigeration (compressor or relay)
- Fan
- Defrost
- · Rail heat
- Alarm
- Light
- Fans for hotgas defrost
- Refrigeration 2 (compressor 2 or relay 2)

The different applications are described on page 6.

### Advantages

- Many applications in the same unit
- The controller has integrated refrigeration-technical functions, so that it can replace a whole collection of thermostats and timers
- Buttons and seal imbedded in the front
- Can control two compressors
- Easy to remount data communication
- Quick setup
- Two temperature references
- Digital inputs for various functions
- Clock function with super cap backup
- HACCP (Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points)
  - Temperature monitoring and registration of period with too high temperature (see also page 19)
  - Factory calibration that will guarantee a better measuring accuracy than stated in the standard EN 441-13 without subsequent calibration (Pt 1000 ohm sensor)







### Operation

 $\mathbf{U}\,\mathbf{p}$  to two thermostat sensors can be connected to the controller. The relevant application determines how.

A sensor in the air before the evaporator:

This connection is primarily used when control is based on area.

A sensor in the air after the evaporator:

This connection is primarily used when refrigeration is controlled and there is a risk of a too low temperature near the products.

A sensor before and after the evaporator:

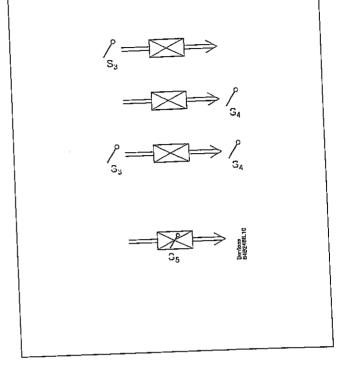
This connection offers you the possibility of adapting the th ermostat, the alarm thermostat and the display to the relevant a pplication. The signal to the thermostat, the alarm termostat and the display is set as a weighted value between the two temperatures, and 50% will for example give the same value from

The signal to the thermostat, the alarm thermostat and the display both sensors. can be set independently of one another.

### Defrost sensor

The best signal concerning the evaporator's temperature is obtained from a defrost sensor mounted directly on the evaporator. Here the signal may be used by the defrost function, s o that the shortest and most energy-saving defrost can take

If a defrost sensor is not required, defrost can be stopped based on time, or \$4 can be selected.

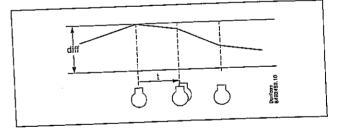


### Control of two compressors

This control is used for controlling two compressors of the same size. The principle of the control is that one compressor cuts in and out based on the thermostat's differential and the other on half the differential. When the thermostat cuts in the compressor with the fewest operating hours is started. The other compressor will only start after a set time delay, so that the load will be divided between them.

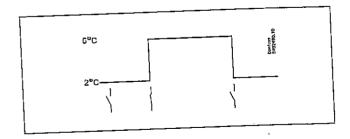
When the air temperature has dropped by half the differential the one compressor will stop, the other will continue working and not stop until the required temperature is acheived.

The compressors used must be of a type that is capable of starting up against a high pressure.



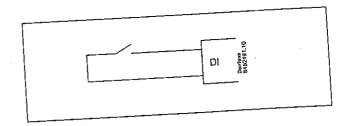
### Change of temperature reference

In an impulse appliance, for example, used for various product groups. Here the temperature reference is changed easily with a contact signal on a digital input. The signal raises the normal thermostat value by a predefined amount. At the same time the alarm limits with the same value are displaced accordingly.



There are two digital inputs both of which can be used for the following functions:

- Case cleaning
- Door contact function with alarm
- Starting a defrost
- Coordinated defrost
- Change-over between two temperature reference
- Retransmission of a contact's position via data communication



### Case cleaning function

This function makes it easy to steer the refrigeration appliance through a cleaning phase. Via three pushes on a switch you change from one phase to the next phase.

The first push stops the refrigeration – the fans keep working "Later": The next push stops the fans

"Still later": The next push restarts refrigeration

The different situations can be followed on the display.

On the network a cleaning alarm is transmitted to the system unit. This alarm can be "logged" so that proof of the sequence of events is provided.

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	<del>                                     </del>	+	Fan
1	\ <del>-</del>	<u> </u>	Off
2	÷	<u></u>	°C
3	<u> </u>	J <del>-</del>	

### Door contact function

In coldrooms and frostrooms the door switch can switch the light on and off, start and stop the refrigeration and give alarm if the door has remained open for too long.



Depending on the application you may choose between the following defrost methods:

Natural:

Here the fans are kept operating during the defrost

Electric:

The heating element is activated The valve is kept open so that the brine can flow

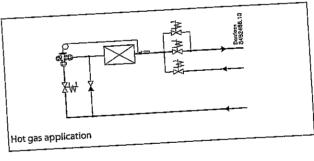
Brine:

through the evaporator

Hotgas:

Here the solenoid valves are controlled so that the

hotgas can flow through the evaporator



### Start of defrost

A defrost can be started in different ways

Interval:

Defrost is started at fixed time intervals, say, every

eighth hour

Refrigeration time:

Defrost is started at fixed refrigeration time inter

vals, in other words, a low need for

refrigeration will "postpone" the coming defrost

Schedule:

Here defrost can be started at fixed times of the

day and night. However, max. 6 times

Contact:

Defrost is started with a contact signal on a digital

Network:

The signal for defrost is received from a system unit

via the data communication

S5 temp

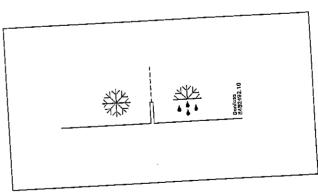
In 1:1 systems the efficiency of the evaporator can be followed. Icing-up will start a defrost.

Manual:

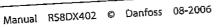
An extra defrost can be activated from the control

ler's lower-most button

All the mentioned methods can be used at random - if just one them is activated a defrost will be started.







### Coordinated defrost

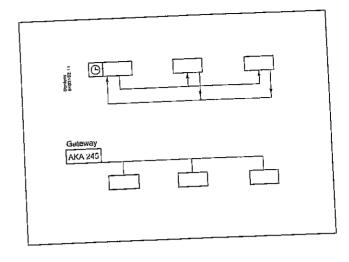
There are two ways in which coordinated defrost can be arranged. Eith er with wire connections between the controllers or via data communication

### Wire connections

One of the controllers is defined to be the controlling unit and a battery module may be fitted in it so that the clock is ensured backup. When a defrost is started all the other controllers will follow suit and likewise start a defrost. After the defrost the individ ual controllers will move into waiting position. When all are in waiting position there will be a change-over to refrigeration. (If just one in the group demands defrost, the others will follow s⊔it).

### Defrost via data communication

A.li controllers are fitted with a data communication module, and via the override function from a gateway the defrost can be coordinated.

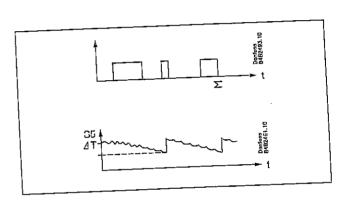


### Defrost on demand

- 1 Based on refrigeration time When the aggregate refrigeration time has passed a fixed time, a defrost will be started.
- 2 Based on temperature

The controller will constantly follow the temperature at \$5. Between two defrosts the S5 temperature will become lower the more the evaporator ices up (the compressor operates for a longer time and pulls the S5 temperature further down). When the temperature passes a set allowed variation the defrost will be started.

This function can only work in 1:1 systems



### Extra module

 The controller can afterwards be fitted with an insertion module if the application requires it.

The controller has been prepared with plug, so the module simply has to be pushed in

- Battery module

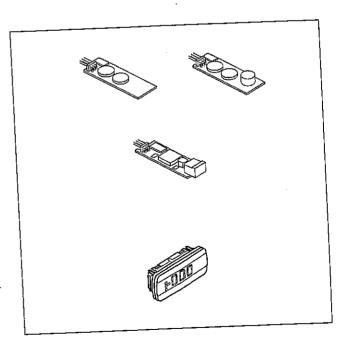
The module guarantees voltage to the controller if the supply voltage should drop out for more than four hours. The clock function can thus be protected during a power failure.

- Battery and buzzer module As above + sound buzzer
- Data communication

If you require operation from a PC, a data communication module has to be placed in the controller.

- External display

If it is necessary to indicate the temperature on the front of refrigeration appliance, a display can be mounted. The extra display will show the same information as the controller's display, but does not incorporate buttons for operation.



### **Applications**

Here is a survey of the controller's field of application.

A setting will define the relay outputs so that the controller's interface will be targetted to the chosen application.

On page 20 you can see the relevant settings for the respective wiring diagrams.

S3 and S4 are temperature sensors. The application will determine whether either one or the other or both sensors are to be used. S3 is placed in the air flow before the evaporator. S4 after

A percentage setting will determine according to what the the evaporator. control is to be based. S5 is a defrost sensor and is placed on the

DI1 and DI2 are contact functions that can be used for one of the following functions: door function, alarm function, defrost start, external main switch, night operation, change of thermostat reference, appliance cleaning, forced refrigeration or coordinated defrost. See the functions in settings o02 and o37.

# Refrigeration control with one compressor

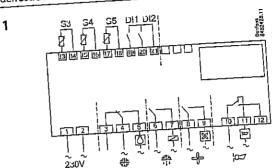
The functions are adapted to small refrigeration systems which either may be refrigeration appliances or coldrooms.

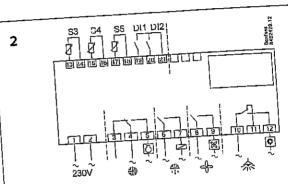
The three relays can control the refrigeration, the defrost and the fans, and the fourth relay can be used for either alarm function, light control or rail heat control

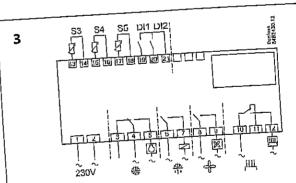
- •The alarm function can be linked up with a contact function from a door switch. If the door remains open longer than allowed there will be an alarm.
- The light control can also be linked up with a contact function from a door switch. An open door will switch on the light and it will remain lit for two minutes after the door has been closed
- •The rail heat function can be used in refrigeration or freezing appliances or on the door's heating element for frostrooms.

The fans can be stopped during defrost and they may also follow a door switch's open/close situation.

There are several other functions for the alarm function as well as the light control, rail heat control and fans. Please refer to the respective settings.



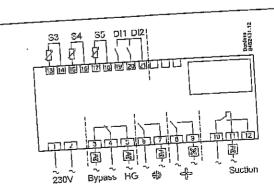




### Hot gas defrost

This type of connection can be used on systems with hotgas defrost, but only in small systems in, say, supermarkets - the functional content has not been adapted to systems with large charges. Relay 1's change-over function can be used by the bypass valve and/or the hotgas valve. Relay 2 is used for refrigeration.

Must not be used together with PMLX and GPLX valves, unless a time delay relay is installed, which ensures that the PMLX/GPLX valve is closed completely before the hotgas is turned on.



4

### 5 Refrigeration control with two compressors This group of applications can be used if the controller is to cut two compressors in and out. The functions can be compared with wiring diagrams 1 to 3, but in stead of controlling fans the relay is here used for compressor The two compressors must be of the same size. When the controller demands refrigeration it will first cut in the compres-6 sor with the shortest operating time. After the time delay the second compressor will be cut in. When the temperature has dropped to "the middle of the differential", the compressor with the longest operation time will be If the running compressor does not manage to reduce the temperature to the cutout point, the other compressor will be cut in again. This happens when the temperature reaches the top part of the differential. If the temperature is instead "stuck" in the differential for two hours, there will be a change-over between the 7 two compressors so that the operating time can be equalised. The two compressors must be of a type that can start up against a high pressure. The compressors's settings for "Min On time" and "Min Off time" will always have top priority during normal regulation. But if one of the override functions is activated, the "Min On time" will be disregarded. 10 If the controller is to cut 2 compressor and 1 fan in and out, relay 4 must cut the fan in and out. This function is activated in application 10. 8 Simple refrigeration with defrost This application can be used where there is only regulation of refrigeration and defrost. 9 **Heating function** This application is the same as under 1, but a heating function has been added which protects the unit against too low temperature. The defrost function's heating element is here used for heating. This application is used where the temperature can go below the set cutout temperature for the refrigeration. To ensure that the temperature will not become too low the heating element is activated x degrees below the reference value. The S3 sensor must be mounted. It supplies the signal when there is heating. 7

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Set here if the controller is to show the			ting)
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Compensation possibility trilogy.	}	110	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Correction of signal from S3 Compensation possibility through long sensor cable		r12	Main Switch
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7)							
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the timer function will start a defrost it/when the interval of the controller, but it is display	<b>i</b> -		1	
	}		1	
ed the first time by the setting in d05.	1		1	
The timer function state of the setting in d05.  The time is the setting in d05.  The time is power failure the timer value will be saved and continue from here when the saved and cont			1	\
the manual restricts.	Ϋ́		1	\frac{1}{2}
the power fetters.  This timer function can be used as a simple way of starting defiosary to the subsequent defrost starts is not received.  act as safety defrost if one of the subsequent defrost starts is not received.  act as safety defrost if one of the subsequent defrost starts is not received.	4		}	
			1	1
	y. ile		Ì	\ \
times for the required defrost times, we relied longer than four hours, a battery mode	"-		1	
The control let also contents of the control let also contents of the required defrost times, defrost can be started at like units of times for the required defrost times, defrost can be started at like units of times of the control let.	ls or l		1	
If there is a risk of power ranks should be mounted in the controller.  Should be mounted in the controller.  Defrost start can also be accomplished via data communication, via contact signal performs have to	,5 5.		l l	Ì
Defrost start can also be accomplished	bel			\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
I manual start-up.			1	
All starting methods will function in the controller.  All starting methods will function in the controller.  Set, so that defrosts do not "come tumbling" one after the other.  Set, so that defrosts do not "come tumbling" one after the other.	1		1	<b>)</b> .
set, so that defrosts do not "come tumbling the arterior set, so that defrosts do not "come tumbling the arterior set and be accomplished with electricity, hotgas or brine.  The actual defrost will be stopped based on time or temperature with a signal from the actual defrost will be stopped based on time or temperature.	m a		- }	
Defrost can be accomplished based on time or temperature with a signal	1			
temperature sensor.		d0		Def. method
temperature sensor.	. }			) = non
<b>Defrost method</b> Here you set whether defrost is to be accomplished with electricity, gas, brine or	}			1 = El
10	}			2 = Gas
"non".  During d efrost the defrost relay will be cut in.  During d efrost the defrost relay will be kept open during defrost)	{		1	3= Brine
During d efrost the defrost relay will be cut in.  (With brine the "refrigeration control valve" will be kept open during defrost)		do	)2	Def. Stop Temp
<b>Defrost stop temperature</b> The defrost is stopped at a given temperature which is measured with a sensor	(the	Ì	1	
Defrost is stopped at a given temperature which is measured with	'	Ì	1	
sensor is defined in d10).		l		
The temperature value is set.		√ d	03	Def Interval
defract starts	hen	1		(0=off)
Interval between defrost starts  The function is zeroset and will start the timer function at each defrost start. We have a safeguard.		1		
The function is zeroset and will start at defrost.  the time has expired the function will start a defrost.  The function is used as a simple defrost start, or it may be used as a safeguard.  The such data communication.	if the	1		
The function is used as a simple defrost start, or it may be a	٠	. ]		
Learnest Sittliations to the second state of withhirth against the second state of the	ı is useu	**		
If master/slave defrost without clock function of without slave defrosts.  the interval time will be used as max, time between defrosts.  the interval time data communication does not take place, the interval time	will be	. \		
the interval time will be communication does not take place, the little transfer of the interval time will be communication does not take place, the little transfer of the interval time will be communication does not take place, the little transfer of the interval time will be communication does not take place, the little transfer of the interval time will be communication does not take place, the little transfer of the interval time will be communication does not take place, the little transfer of the interval time will be communication does not take place.		-		1
If a defrost start via data commende of the interval	l time	1		1
when there is defrost with clock function or data communication, the intervention of the than the planned one, as the must be set for a somewhat longer period of time than the planned one, as the must be set for a somewhat longer period of time that the planned one, as the must be set for a somewhat longer period of time that the planned one.	he	- }		
When there is defrost will clock target period of time than the planned one, as a must be set for a somewhat longer period of time than the planned one, as a must be set for a somewhat longer period of time than the planned one, as a must be set for a somewhat longer period of time than the planned one, as a must be set for a somewhat longer period of time than the planned one, as a must be set for a somewhat longer period of time than the planned one, as a must be set for a somewhat longer period of time than the planned one, as a must be set for a somewhat longer period of time than the planned one, as a must be set for a somewhat longer period of time than the planned one, as a must be set for a somewhat longer period of time than the planned one, as a must be set for a somewhat longer period of time than the planned one, as a must be set for a somewhat longer period of time than the planned one, as a must be set for a somewhat longer period of time than the planned one, as a must be set for a somewhat longer period of time than the planned one, as a must be set for a somewhat longer period of time than the planned one, as a must be set for a somewhat longer period of time than the planned one, as a must be set for a somewhat longer period of time than the planned one, as a must be set for a somewhat longer period of time than the planned one that longer period of time than the planned one that longer period of time than the planned one that longer period of time than the planned one that longer period of time than the planned one that longer period of time than the planned one that longer period of time than the planned one that longer period of time than the planned one that longer period of time than the planned one that longer period of time than the planned one that longer period of time than the planned one that longer period of time than the planned one that longer period of time than the planned one that longer period of time than the planned one that longer period of time that longer period of time	by the	1		
interval time will otherwise start a deliost when a man	han the	. }		
	HELL CHE			Ì
planned one.		\		
In connection with power failure the interval time will be maintained value.		_ {	d04	Max Def. time
interval time will otherwise start a desired and will be maintained, and will not connection with power failure the interval time will be maintained value.  power returns the interval time will continue from the maintained value.		dy		
power returns the interview when set to 0.	ot alrea			
The interval time is not active when set to 0.  The active when set to 0.  The interval time is not active when set to 0.	ot alread	1		
power returns the fitter when set to 0.  The interval time is not active when set to 0.  Max. defrost duration  This setting is a safety time so that the defrost will be stopped if there has no leaves a stop based on temperature or via coordinated defrost.		i i	d0	5 Time Stagg.
The interval time is not active when set to 0.  The interval time is not active when set to 0.  Max. defrost duration  This setting is a safety time so that the defrost will be stopped if there has not been a stop based on temperature or via coordinated defrost.	arouns	\	-	5 Time Stagg.
The interval time is not active when set to 0.  The interval time is not active when set to 0.  Max. defrost duration  This setting is a safety time so that the defrost will be stopped if there has not been a stop based on temperature or via coordinated defrost.  Deen a stop based on temperature or via coordinated defrost.  Time staggering for defrost cutins during start-up  Time staggering for defrost cutins during representation appliances or application appliances or the relevant of the cuting start-up.	groups functio	\	-	5 Time Stagg.
The interval time is not active when set to 0.  Max. defrost duration  This setting is a safety time so that the defrost will be stopped if there has not been a stop based on temperature or via coordinated defrost.  Time staggering for defrost cutins during start-up  The function is only relevant if you have several refrigeration appliances or the function is only relevant to be staggered in relation to one another. The	groups functio	n is	-	5 Time Stagg.
The interval time is not active when set to 0.  Max. defrost duration  This setting is a safety time so that the defrost will be stopped if there has not been a stop based on temperature or via coordinated defrost.  Time staggering for defrost cutins during start-up  Time staggering for defrost cutins during start-up  The function is only relevant if you have several refrigeration appliances or where you want the defrost to be staggered in relation to one another. The where you want the defrost to be staggered in relation to one another.	groups functio	on is	-	Time Stagg.
The interval time is not active when set to 0.  Max. defrost duration  This setting is a safety time so that the defrost will be stopped if there has not been a stop based on temperature or via coordinated defrost.  Time staggering for defrost cutins during start-up  Time staggering for defrost cutins during start-up  The function is only relevant if you have several refrigeration appliances or where you want the defrost to be staggered in relation to one another. The where you want the defrost to be staggered in relation to one another.	groups functio	on is	-	Time Stagg.
The interval time is not active when set to 0.  The interval time is not active when set to 0.  Max. defrost duration  This setting is a safety time so that the defrost will be stopped if there has not been a stop based on temperature or via coordinated defrost.  Deen a stop based on temperature or via coordinated defrost.  Time staggering for defrost cutins during start-up  Time staggering for defrost cutins during representation appliances or application appliances or the relevant of the cuting start-up.	groups functio	on is	-	5 Time Stagg.



	100	5.1.	Off time
off time you set the time that is to elapse from a defrost and until the compressor is to again. (The time when water drips off the evaporator).	d06		
y <b>of fan start after defrost</b> you set the time that is to elapse from compressor start after a defrost and until an may start again. (The time when water is "tied" to the evaporator).	d07	<u> </u>	StartDel
an may start again. (The time when we have said a start temperature fan may also be started a little earlier than mentioned under "Delay of fan start fan may also be started a little earlier than mentioned under "Delay of fan start one defrost", if the defrost sensor S5 registers another allowable value than the one	d08	Fan	StartTemp
cut in during defrost e you can set whether fan is to operate during defrost.	d09	0=	nDuringDef no yes
and consor	d10		fStopSens.
e you define the defrost sensor. one, defrost is based on time 5			
4 mpdown delay the time where the evaporator is emptied of refrigerant prior to the defrost.	d16	_\_	ımp dwn del.
ain delay (only in connection with hotgas) the time where the evaporator is emptied of condensed refrigerant after the	d17	P	rain del
frost.  Frost on demand – aggregate refrigeration time  there is the refrigeration time allowed without defrosts. If the time is passed, a	d18		NaxTherRunT
iffost will be active.  Perfost on demand – S5 temperature  Perfost on the S5 temperature it will be able to start a defrost when the variation of the S5 temperature becomes larger than required.  Perform the S5 temperature can be allowed. When the value passed, a defrost will start.  Perform the S5 temperature can be allowed. When the value passed, a defrost will start.  Perform the S5 temperature when the evaporating temperature will be maintained. In central was the source of the S5 temperature will be maintained. In central systems the function must be cut out.	d19		CutoutS5Dif.
Vith setting = 20 the function is cut out.  If you wish to see the temperature at the defrost sensor, push the controller's lower.			Defrost temp.
nost button. f you wish to start an extra defrost, push the controller's lowermost button for four seconds. You can stop an ongoing defrost in the same way			Def Start Here you can start a manual defrost
The LED on the controller's front will indicate whether a defrost is going on.			Defrost Relay Here you can read the defrost relay status or you can force-control the relay in "Manual control" mode.
			Hold After Def Shows ON when the controller is operating with coordinated defrost.
	Add the state of the state of	1981 1981	Fan control
Fan  Fan stopped at cut-out compressor  Here you can select whether the fan is to be stopped when the compressor is cut		F01	Fan stop CO (Yes = Fan stopped)
Delay of fan stop when compressor is cut out If you have chosen to stop the fan when the compressor is cut out, you can delay fan stop when the compressor has stopped.	the	F02	Fan del. CO
Here you can set the time belay.		F04	FanStopTemp.
Fan stop temperature The function stops the fans in an error situation, so that they will not provide po to the appliance. If the defrost sensor registers a higher temperature than the or here, the fans will be stopped. There will be re-start at 2 K below the setting. The function is not active during a defrost or start-up after a defrost.  With setting +50°C the function is interrupted.	wer ie set		Fan Relay
With setting +50°C the function is interrupted:  The LED on the controller's front will indicate whether a defrost is going on.			Here you can read the fan relay st or force-control the relay in "Mant control" mode.

	The state of the state of	HAC	<b>P</b>
ACCP to signal to the function	h01	HAC	CP temp.
ACCP	1101		
	h02	-	1
ACCP temperature ere you can see the temperature measurement that transmits signal to est too high HACCP temperature was registered in connection with: (Value can be		}	1
ast too high HACCP temperature was		}	
ead out).		1	
and out). 01: Temperature exceeding during normal regulation. 01: Temperature exceeding during power failure. Battery backup controls the times. 102: Temperature exceeding during power failure. No control of times. 103: Temperature exceeding during power failure.	h03	<del> </del> -	
03: Temperature exceeding during power is in a system of the state of	h04	+	
03: Temperature exceeding during powers ast time the HACCP temperature was exceeded: Year		+	
	h05		
	h06	<del>-\-</del> -	
Last time the HACCP temperature was exceeded: Hour Last time the HACCP temperature was exceeded: Minute	h07		
Last time the HACCP temperature was except	h08		
last exceeding: Duration in floors	h09		- t-mp
to Descrition in militures	h10	) M	ax.temp.
	e∖	{	
The highest measured temperature will continuously be until the next time the tem-	`	- 1	
Peak temperature  The highest measured temperature will continuously be saved when the temperature  The highest measured temperature will continuously be saved when the temperature  Exceeds the limit value in h12. The value can be read out until the next time the temperature  Exceeds the limit value. After that it is overwritten with the new measure-	1		
The highest measured temperature will be read out until the next time the exceeds the limit value in h12. The value can be read out until the next time the exceeds the limit value. After that it is overwritten with the new measure-perature exceeds the limit value. After that it is overwritten with the new measure-	h1	1 1	ACCP sensor
ments,	Ì	- 1	
Selection of function 0: No HACCP function  Definition takes place in h14.	1	\	
No HACCP function     Sa and/or S4 used as sensor. Definition takes place in h14.	<del></del>		HACCP limit
	) n	12	nacer iii
tion is to enter into	- }	į.	
Alarm limit Here you set the temperature value at which the HACCP function is to enter the HaccP function is the HaccP functi	— <del> </del>	13	HACCP delay
force, when the value and regulation).	\ ^		
force. When the value becomes higher than 1970 force. When the alarm (only during normal regulation).  Time delay for the alarm (only during normal regulation).  When the time delay has been passed the alarm is activated.		114	HACCP S4%
When the time delay has been seen seen them must be set. Selection of sensors for the measuring Selection of sensors and/or the S3 sensor is used, the ratio between them must be set. If the S4 sensor and/or the S3 sensor is used. At setting 0% only S3 is used.	\ \		
Selection of sensor and/or the S3 sensor is used, the ratio between them.	- July 2	92 - 2 <sub>100</sub> - 196	is data commu
			T c+ he set via data commi
Real-time-clock  The controller can accommodate one insertion module which may either be a date of the controller can accommodate one insertion module which may either be a date of the controller can accommodate one insertion module which may either be a date of the controller can accommodate one insertion module which may either be a date of the controller can accommodate one insertion module which may either be a date of the controller can accommodate one insertion module which may either be a date of the controller can accommodate one insertion module which may either be a date of the controller can accommodate one insertion module which may either be a date of the controller can accommodate one insertion module which may either be a date of the controller can accommodate one insertion module which may either be a date of the controller can accommodate one insertion module which may either be a date of the controller can accommodate one insertion module which may either be a date of the controller can accommodate one insertion module which may either be a date of the controller can accommodate one insertion module which may either be a date of the controller can be accommodated by the con	:a		1 EARINGS ALP ONLY ICICY CO.
The controller can accommodate one insertion module which the	1		when there is no data communica-
The controller can accommodate one insertion module white the clock. communication module or a battery module for the real-time clock and will keep to communication with the real-time clock and will keep to communication.	the		tion).
The controller can accommodate communication module or a battery moduel for the real-time clock.  The battery module is used in conjunction with the real-time clock and will keep. The battery module is used in conjunction with the real-time clock and will keep.			tion.
The battery module is used in cover failures.  clock going during lengthy power failures.	h = #0		
	neie		
Real-time clock You can set up to six individual times for defrost starts for each 24-hour period. T		t01-t0	6
is also a date indication assure		t11-t1	<del></del>
Defrost start, hour setting	}		
Defrost start, minute setting (1 and 11 belong together, When a II t01 to t16 equal 0 the clock will not start defrosts.		t07	
When all to to equal to		t08	<del></del>
Clock: Hour setting			
Clock: Minute setting		t45	
Clock: Date setting		t46	
Clock: Month setting		t4	7
Clock: Year setting			

The state of the s



			cellaneous
liscellaneous	o01	Del	ayOfOutp.
re lay of output signal after start-up fter start-up or a power failure the controller's functions can be delayed so that over- the ding of the electricity supply network is avoided.			
lere you can set the time delay.	٥02	DI:	1 Config.
ol gital input signal - Dl1 he controller has a digital input 1 which can be used for one of the following func-		De	finition takes place with the nu- crical value shown to the left.
ions:	<b>!</b>	to.	= off)
Off: The input is not used  Status display of a contact function  Status display of a contact function	1	10	= 5(1)
2) Door function, when the input is open, when the time setting in "A4" is passed, an alarm eration and the fans are stopped. When the time setting in "A4" is passed, an alarm			
will be given and refrigeration will be resumed.  Note: The sum of the latts are stopped in the sum of the sum		DI	state
setting in "A4" is passed, tilele will be distributed by the controller will register		lπi	Measurement) ne DI input's present status is shown ere. ON or OFF.
signal is to be received by several control of SND to GND).  are mounted the same way (DI to DI and GND to GND).  are mounted the same way (DI to DI and GND to GND).	-		
<ul><li>5) Main switch. Regulation is carried by the switch is stopped when the input is put in pos. OFF.</li><li>6) Night operation. When the input is short-circuited, there will be regulation for</li></ul>			
night operation.  73 Reference displacement when DI1 is short-circuited. Displacement with "r40".			
8) Separate alarm function. Alarm will be given when the input is opened. (For 8 and	1		•
9 the time delay is set in A27) 10) Case cleaning. The function is started with a pulse pressure. Cf. also description o	п		
page 4 defrest when the input is short-circuited			After installation of a data communi-
11) Forced refrigeration at notgas denost when a communication, it must have an lf the controller is built into a network with data communication must then know this address, and the master gateway of the data communication must then know this		Į.	cation module the controller can be
address. These settings can only be made when a data communcation module has been mounted in the controller and the installation of the data communication cable has			other controllers in ADAP-KOOL® refrigeration controls.
been finished. This installation is mentioned in a separate document "RC8AC".	<u> </u>		
This installation is mentioned in a separate The address is set between 1 and 60 (119), gateway determined	<u> </u>	03	
The address is sent to the gateway when the menu is set in pos. ON  The address is sent to the gateway when the menu is set in pos. ON  IMPORTANT: Before you set o04, you MUST set o61. Otherwise you will be transmit		04	
IMPORTANT: Before you set 004, you MUST SEL 001. Otherwise 7-1-1 ting incorrect data.		 05	
Access code 1 (Access to all settings)  If the settings in the controller are to be protected with an access code you can set numerical value between 0 and 100. If not, you can cancel the function with setting numerical value between 0 and 100.	a	05	
(99 will always give you access).		006	SensorConfig
Concertume	a		Pt = 0
Normally a Pt 1000 sensor with great signal accuracy. That may either be a PTC sensor (1000 ohm a sensor with another signal accuracy. That may either be a PTC sensor (1000 ohm at 25°C).	t		PTC = 1 NTC = 2
All the mounted sensors must be of the same syr	_	o15	Disp. Step = 0.5
Display step Yes: Gives steps of 0.5°			la de
No: Gives steps of 0.1	the	016	Max HoldTime
When a controller has completed a demost it is a part for one reason or anot	ner,		
the controller will itself start the lengeration		o17	Disp. S4%
Select signal for the display \$4%  Here you define the signal to be shown by the display.  \$3,54, or a combination of the two.			
S3, 54, or a combination of the two. With setting 0% only S3 is used. With 100% only S4.			<u>, l </u>

	100		
03	37 DI2	2 confi	g. (
ital input signal - D2 controller has a digital input 2 which can be used for one of the following func-			
75:	1		
The input is not used. The input is not used. Status display of a contact function Door function. When the input is open it signals that the door is open. The refrig- Door function. When the input is open it signals that the door is open. The refrig- Door function. When the input is open it signals that the door is open. The refrig- Door function. When the input is open it signals that the door is open. The refrig-	1		\
Door function. When the input is open it signals that the door is open. The least open it signals that the door is open. The least open it signals that the door is open. The least open it signals that the door is open. The least open is open. The least open is open. The least open is open.	Ì		
oration and the fans are stopped. When the time setting in	\		
wration and the fans are stopped. When the time vill be given and refrigeration resumed.  Door alarm. When the input is open it signals that the door is open. When the time open is signals that the door is open. When the time open is signals that the door is open. When the time open is signal to the controller will register	1		
Door alarm. When the input is open it signals to the property of the property	1		
setting in A4 is pussed with a pulse pressure. The control of the	}		•
Defrost. The function is started with a pulse pressure. The controller will register.  Defrost. The function is started with a pulse pressure. The controller will then start a defrost cycle. If the when the DI input is activated. The controllers it is important that ALL connections when the be received by several controllers it is important that ALL connections.	1	•	\
when the Dilliput is a word controllers it is important and	į.		
signal is to be received by several controllers it is impossible signal is to be received by several controllers it is impossible signal is signal is to be received by several controllers it is in possible signal in the same way (DI to DI and GND to GND).  are mounted the same way (DI to DI and GND to GND).	1		\
signal is to be received by several control in the signal is to be received by several control in the signal is to be received by several control in the signal is short-circuited, and regulation is a carried out when the input is short-circuited, and regulation for its storaged when the input is put in pos. OFF.	1		\
tion is stopped. When the input is short-circuited, there will be	}		\ \
Night operation. When the way	Ì	}	
night operation.  Network displacement when DI2 is short-circuited. Displacement is short-circuited.	1	1	
night operation.  Reference displacement when DI2 is short-circuited. Displacement with The Reference displacement when DI2 is short-circuited.  Separate alarm function. Alarm will be given when the input is opened.  Separate alarm function. Alarm will be given when the input is opened.		ţ .	}
Separate alarm function. Alarm will be given when a pulse pressure. Cf. also description on		1	
Separate alarm function. Alarm will be given when the input is opened. Separate alarm function. Alarm will be given when the input is opened. Case cleaning. The function is started with a pulse pressure. Cf. also description on the control of the		1	
page 4. The pathod at hot gas defrost when the input is short-circuited.		1	
0) Case cleaning. The function is page 4.  11) Forced refrigeration at hotgas defrost when the input is short-circuited.  12) The input is used for coordinated defrost in conjunction with other controllers of		<del> </del>	E.,
12) The input is used to:	o38	Ligh	t config
	ı	1	
Configuration of light Internal Configuration  1) The relay cuts in during night operation  1) The relay cuts in during night operation of the relation		Ì	
1) The relay cuts in during night operation 2) The relay to be controlled via data communication 2) The relay to be controlled by the door switch defined in either 602 or 637 where	\	1	
1) The relay cuts in during hight operation 2) The relay to be controlled via data communication 3) The relay to be controlled by the door switch defined in either 002 or 037 where 3) The relay to be controlled by the door switch defined in either 002 or 037 where 3) The relay to be controlled by the door is opened the relay will cut in.	}	l l	
2) The relay to be controlled via data 3) The relay to be controlled by the door switch defined in either 002 to 037 will cut in. 3) The relay to be controlled by the door switch defined in either 002 to 037 will cut in. 3) The relay to be controlled by the door switch defined the relay will cut in. 3) The relay to be controlled by the door switch defined the relay will cut in. 3) The relay to be controlled by the door switch defined in either 002 to 037 will cut in. 3) The relay to be controlled by the door switch defined in either 002 to 037 will cut in. 3) The relay to be controlled by the door switch defined in either 002 to 037 will cut in. 3) The relay to be controlled by the door switch defined in either 002 to 037 will cut in. 3) The relay to be controlled by the door switch defined in either 002 to 037 will cut in. 4) The relay to be controlled by the door switch defined in either 002 to 037 will cut in. 4) The relay to be controlled by the door switch defined in either 002 to 037 will cut in. 4) The relay to be controlled by the door switch defined in either 002 to 037 will cut in. 4) The relay to be controlled by the door switch defined in either 002 to 037 will cut in. 4) The relay to 037 w	] _		
11Mb an the (100) 15 Closes = 5	039	Lig	ht remote
	1	_	
Activation of light relay The light relay can be activated here, but only if defined in o38 with setting 2.	041	Ra	ilh.ON day%
	\		
Rail heat during day operation The ON period is set as a percentage of the time	042	2 ∖Ra	ilh.ON ngt%
Rail heat during night operation  Rail heat during night operation  Rail heat during a percentage of the time		\-	1
Rail heat during night operation The ON period is set as a percentage of the time	043	.3 \Ra	ailh. cycle
The ON period is set in minutes	_\		
Rail heat cycle The period of time for the aggregate ON time + OFF time is set in minutes	04	16 JC	ase clean
Case cleaning The status of the function can be followed here or the function can be started manu-	-	}	1
The status of the function can be followed field of the	Ì	1	1
) oller	l	ţ	
0 = Normal operation (no Gearling All other outputs are Off.	1	1	
1 = Cleaning with fans operating. All outputs are Off. 2 = Cleaning with stopped fans. All outputs are Off. 2 = Cleaning with stopped fans a signal at the DI1 or DI2 input, the relevant status ca	ın	\ \	
1 = Cleaning with fans operating. All outputs are Off. 2 = Cleaning with stopped fans. All outputs are Off. If the function is controlled by a signal at the DI1 or DI2 input, the relevant status ca		+	Appl. Mode (only output in Danfoss
be seen here in the menu.	0		
ters you set which of the nine application	ca-	\ 	only)
The controller can be defined in various ways. Here you set the	1	}	
The controller can be defined in various ways. Here you act the controller can be defined in various ways. Here you act the controller can be defined in various ways. Here you act to see a survey of applications. tions is required. On page 6 you can see a survey of applications. tions is required. On page 6 you can see a survey of applications.		 o62	<u> </u>
tions is required. On page 6 you can see a survey of applications is required. On page 6 you can see a survey of application is set to 0.  This menu can only be set when regulation is stopped, i.e. "r12" is set to 0.  This menu can only be set when regulation is stopped, i.e. "r12" is set to 0.	\ '	عاب	
Transfer a set of presenting of a number of parameters. It depends in the	\		1
Transfer a set of presettings to describe the setting of a number of parameters. It depends on it is possible to select a quick setting of a number of parameters to be whether an application or a room is to be controlled and whether defrost is to be whether an application or a room is to be controlled and whether on page on time or based on temperature. The survey can be seen on page	22.		
whether an application of a fourth whether an application of a fourth whether an application of a fourth whether are a fourth whether are application of a fourth whether a fourth whether a fourth whether a four	· \		
stopped based of the setupen regulation is stopped, i.e. 112 is	- 1		
This menu can only be set when regular to 0. Any subsequent adjustment/setting of After the setting the value will return to 0. Any subsequent adjustment/setting of After the setting the made, as required.	•		
After the setting the value will return to 0. Any subsequent day			
After the setting the value, as required.  parameters can be made, as required.	_	064	\-
	set-		
Access code 2 (Access to adjustments), but not to configuration settings. If the There is access to adjustments of values, but not to configuration settings a num tings in the controller are to be protected with an access code you can set a num tings in the controller are to be protected with an access code you can set in the ting of the protection with setting 0. If	the		
trings in the conductor and a second cancel the function with	116		
There is access to adjustments of values with an access code you can set a number tings in the controller are to be protected with an access code you can setting 0. If cal value between 0 and 100. If not, you can cancel the function with setting 0. If function is used, access code 1 (o05) must also be used.		065	<del>-  -</del> -
function is used, access code 1 (005)	kev.		
	for	}	1
Copy the controller's present settings can be transferred to a programming		1	
Copy the controller's present settings can be transferred to a programming With this function the controller's settings can be transferred to a programming except with this function the controller's present sets. Select a number. All settings except to the controller's present sets.	he als- l	L	<b>\</b>
Copy the controller's present settings can be transferred to a programming With this function the controller's settings can be transferred to a programming except an umber. All settings except an umber and the controller's present sets. Select a number.	he ais- theck	1	
With this function the controller's settings can be transferred to a programming With this function the controller's settings can be transferred to a programming The key can contain up to 25 different sets. Select a number. All settings except The key can contain up to 25 different sets. Select a number. All settings except the Application (061) and Address (003) will be copied. When copying has started the Application (061) and Address (003) will be copied.	heck		
With this function the controller's settings can be transferred to a programming With this function the controller's settings can be transferred to a programming The key can contain up to 25 different sets. Select a number. All settings except The key can contain up to 25 different sets. Select a number. All settings except The key can contain up to 25 different sets. Select a number copying has started to Application (061) and Address (003) will be copied. When copying has started to Application (061) and Address (003) will be copied.	heck		
Copy the controller's present settings can be transferred to a programming With this function the controller's settings can be transferred to a programming except with this function the controller's present sets. Select a number. All settings except to the controller's present sets.	heck		EKC 2



	066	
<b>Copy from the programming key</b> This function downloads a set of settings earlier saved in the controller. Select the		
alevant number.	ŀ	
-anying has started the display fetures to observe and a serief actory Showing of a	Ì	
copying has started the display returns to o66. After two seconds you can be copying has started the display returns to o66. After two seconds you can be copying was satisfactory. Showing of a into the mennu again and check whether the copying was satisfactory. Showing of a into the mennu again and copying the copying the copying was satisfactory. Showing of a into the copying was satisfactory.		
negative figure spells problems, see the signment	067	-
Save as factory setting With this setting you save the controller's actual settings as a new basic setting (the	Ì	
with this setting you save the earlier factory settings are overwritten).		Night Setback
earner ructory		0=Day
		1=Night
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	i i gydd y flyn arfy 11 Cef Chef Call	Service
Service	u09	S5 temp.
Temperature measured with 35 sensor	u10	Di1 status
Status on DI1 input, on/1=closed	ш12	S3 air temp
Temperature measured with S3 sensor	u13	Night Cond.
Status on night operation (on or off) 1=closed	u16	54 air temp
Temperature measured with S4 sensor	u17	Ther. air
Thermostat temperature	u28	Temp. ref.
Read the present regulation reference	u37	DI2 status
Status on DI2 output, on/1=closed	u56	Display air
Temperature shown on display	u57	Alarm air
Measured temperature for alarm thermostat	u58	Comp1/LLSV
** Status on relay for cooling	u59	Fan relay
** Status on relay for fan	u60	Def. relay
** Status on relay for defrost	ц61	Railh. relay
** Status on relay for railheat	u62	Alarm relay
** Status on relay for alarm	u63	Light relay
** Status on relay for light	u64	SuctionValve
** Status on relay for valve in suction line	u67	Comp2 relay
	_	
** Status on relay for compressor 2  *} Not all items will be shown. Only the function belonging to the selected application can be seen.		

	Alarms
an error situation the LED's on the front will flash and the alarm relay will be actited. If you push the top button in this situation you can see the alarm report in the splay. Er der flere, kan du trykke videre og se dem. Here are two kinds of error reports - it can either be an alarm occurring during the aily operation, or there may be a defect in the installation.  -alarms will not become visible until the set time delay has expired.  -alarms, on the e other hand, will become visible the moment the error occurs.  An A alarm will not be visible as long as there is an active E alarm).	1 = alarm
An A alarm with not be visited appear:	High t. alarm
A1: High temperature alarm A2: Low temperature alarm	Door Alarm
A 4- Door alarm	Max Hold Time
A5: Information. Parameter o16 is expired	DI1 alarm
A15: Alarm. Signal from DI1 input	DI2 alarm Standby mode
A16: Alarm. Signal from DI2 input  A45: Standby position (stopped refrigeration via r12 or DI input)	Case cleaning
Land Sand Signal from DIT of DIZ III par	HACCP alarm
A59: Case clearing. Signature A60: High-temperature alarm for the HACCP function	Max. def time
	EKC error
E1: Faults in the controller  E6: Fault in real-time clock. Check the battery / reset the clock.	S3 error
E25: Sensor error on S3	54 error
E26: Senso-r error on S4	S5 error
E27: Sensor error on 55	
When copying settings to or from a copying key with functions o65 or o66, the following information may appear:  0: Copyin g concluded and OK  4: Copyin g key not correctly mounted  5: Copying was not correct. Repeat copying  6: Copying to EKC incorrect. Repeat copying  7: Copying to copying key incorrect. Repeat copying  8: Copying not possible. Order number or SW version do not match  9: Communication error and timeout  10: Copying still going on  (The information can be found in o65 or o66 a couple of seconds after copying been started).	





EKC 204A



	(Measurement)
Deerating status  The controller goes through some regulating situations where it is just waiting for the controller goes through some regulating situations where it is just waiting for the controller goes through the regulation. To make these "why is nothing happening" situations the next point of the regulation. To make these "why is nothing happening" situations where the following meanings:	EKC State: (Shown in all menu displays)
active alarm). The individual status codes have the following meanings:	0
SD: Regulating	1
S1: Waiting for end of the coordinated defrost	2
and the compressor is operating it must run for at least x minutes.	3
C3: When the compressor is stopped, it must remain stopped for at least x minutes.	4
C 4. The evaporator drips off and waits for the time to run out	10
S 10: Refrigeration stopped by main switch. Either with r12 or a DI-input	11
S11: Refrigeration stopped by thermostat	14
C14. Defrest sequence, Defrest in progress	15
S15: Defrost sequence. Fan delay — water attaches to the evaporator	17
S17: Door is open. DI input is open	20
S20: Emergency cooling *)	25
S25: Manual control of outputs	29
S29: Case cleaning	30
S30: Forced cooling	32
S32: Delay on outputs during start-up	33
S33: Heat function r36 is active	
Parker On	
non: The defrost temperature cannot be displayed. There is stop based on time	
-d-: Defrost in progress / First cooling after defrost	
PS: Password required. Set password	The requisition will continue with a registered averag

<sup>\*)</sup> Emergency cooling will take effect when there is lack of signal from a defined 53 or \$4 sensor. The regulation will continue with a registered average cutin frequency. There are two registered values – one for day operation and one for night operation.

### Operation

The values will be shown with three digits, and with a setting you can determine whether the temperature are to be shown in °C or



# Light-emitting diodes (LED) on front panel

HACCP = HACCP function is activ

The other LED's on the front panel will light up when the belonging relay is activated.

需 = Refrigeration = Defrost

事 = Fan run ing The light-emitting diodes will flash when there is an alarm. In this situation you can download the error code to the display and cancel/sign for the alarm by giving the top knob a brief push.

When you want to change a setting, the upper and the lower buttons will give you a higher or lower value depending on the button you are pushing. But before you change the value, you must have access to the menu. You obtain this by pushing the upper button for a couple of seconds - you will then enter the column with parameter codes. Find the parameter code you want to change and push the middle buttons until value for the parameter is shown. When you have changed the value, save the new value by once more pushing the middle button.

### Examples

- 1. Push the upper button until a parameter r01 is shown
- 2. Push the upper or the lower button and find that parameter you
- 3. Push the middle button until the parameter value is shown
- 4. Push the upper or the lower button and select the new value
- 5. Push the middle button againt to freeze the value.

# Cutout alarm relay / receipt alarm/see alarm code

 Push short the upper button If there are several alarm codes they are found in a rolling stack. Push the uppermost or lowermost button to scan the rolling stack.

- 1. Push the middle button until the temperature value is shown
- 2. Push the upper or the lower button and select the new value
- 3. Push the middle button againt to conclude the setting.

# Reading the temperature at defrost sensor

· Push short the lower button

## Manuel start or stop of a defrost

• Push the lower button for four seconds.

### See HACCP registration

- 1. Give the middle button a long push until h01 appears
- 2. Select required h01-h10
- 3. See value by giving the middle button a short push

### Get a good start

With the following procedure you can start regulation very quick-

- 1 Open parameter r12 and stop the regulation (in a new and not previously set unit, r12 will already be set to 0 which means stopped regulation.)
- 2 Select electric connection based on the drawings on page 6
- 3 Open parameter o61 and set the electric connection number in
- 4 Now select one of the preset settings from the table on page 22.
- 5 Open parameter o62 and set the number for the array of presettings. The few selected settings will now be transferred to the menu.
- 6 Open parameter r12 and start the regulation
- 7 Go through the survey of factory settings. The values in the grey cells are changed according to your choice of settings. Make any necessary changes in the respective parameters.
- 8 For network. Set the address in o03 and then transmit it to the gateway/system unit with setting o04.





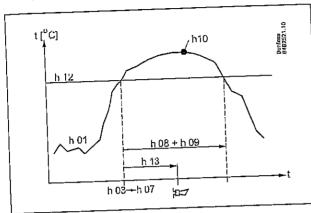


### HACCP

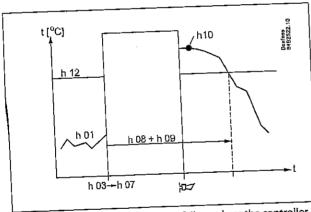
This function will follow the appliance temperature and sound an alarm if the set temperature limit is exceeded. The alarm will come when the time delay has elapsed.

Wh en the temperature exceeds the limit value it will continuously be registered and the peak value will be saved until the later readout. Saved together with the value will be the time and duration of the temperature exceeding.

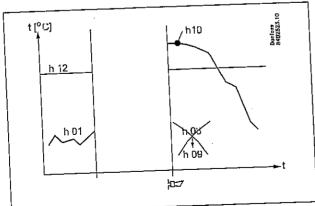
Examples of temperature exceeding:



Exceeding during normal regulation



Exceeding in connection with power failure where the controller can keep on registering the time performance.



Exceeding in connection with power failure when the controller has lost its clock function and hence also its time performance.

The readout of the various values in the HACCP function can take place with a long push on the middle button.

The readouts are, as follows:

h01: The temperature

h02: Readout of the controller's status when temperature was exceeded:

H1 = normal regulation.

H2 = power failure. Times are saved.

H3 = power failure. Times not saved.

h03: Time. Year

h04: Time. Month

h05: Time: Day

h06: Time. Hour

h07: Time. Minute

h08: Duration in hours

h09: Duration in minutes

h10: The registered peak temperature

(Setup of the function takes place just like the other setups. See menu survey on the next page).

SW = 2.0x

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DS18 Listed State Charles and	***	r01 r02	2	1 1				<u> </u>			4	4	Server I	200.1		0.0°C		9.0°C	-50.0°		
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Clock - Setting of minute			***	t4				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-	- 2	- 1		P	1			4			9	n
Clock - Setting of date			***	t4		å16. (	-	1				25.5					<u> </u>	0		e <del>de</del> Carpe de Salana Calledo de Salana	100
Clock - Setting of month			***	t4	7_		17. 7	1 T						177			1	0 s	6	00 s	5 s
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unction when open, 10=case cleaning (pulse pressure).			13.4	12.5				N M	-71	1				36.				TA Security	
1=forced cooling at hot gas defrost.			1 2 2	1	4	$\dashv$		** *** *** ** (	4.0		3. 8	7	100	, T.	0		240	0	
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Display step = 0.5 (normal 0.1 at Pt sensor)		015	1. 115			- (1	-	100	7, 20			77				nin	60 min	20	
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1 =ON during hight operation. 2=ON 7 Or 7 No. 3 = ON follows the DI-function, when DI is selected to door	· '	ì		- 64	G.,		ļ		5.7	187		1		l _				<u> </u>	<del> </del>
to metion onto door alarm				- 9			_	+-	+-	3-2	_	$\neg \neg$		П	Ţ	OFF	ON	OFF	
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Delibert On time during night operations		042					┼	+-	┰	-		_	_	+-	$\epsilon$	i min	60 mi		
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Case cleaning. 0=no case cleaning. 1=Fans only. 2=All output	***	046	189		1		10	到海		辨的			13	1	<b>1</b>				
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Select your own number. Load a set of settings from the programming key (previously	T*	066	* 1		2-120					6	- 6.	N.	1	F .	3	•	ì	1	<u> </u>
Load a set of settings from the programming and			5	787	<u> </u>	10.55	1	40 au	174			reside		-	5,57	OFF	On	OFF	
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	\				V	S 7	3 60			- 1	Edition of	nacini	56   166   2 55   156   3	- 3811	242.0	. 475a (13	Desiration	overen	
tings Service	THE RE	S. 1917				العقاد		3.34	200		n series puls series	organica i	1			Adams (Sec.	11025 14 2 14		
Service	$\top$	50-5	33	(1) h	F. C.		9 5	通過	n Si	4		100							+-
Status codes are shown on page 17	H#3	· uo	9	9.5	锁套	95%		기를	for:	12.5	100			64 B	419		<del></del> -		
Temperature measured with 55 sensor	┼	<u> </u>	_	54.7	14.5	31 - 1	5		神書		36.3							<del></del>	_+
Status on Dil input, on/1=closed	- ++			100	1.50		(4) ye	-					N (1		4				
Town positive measured with \$3 sensor	11*	1 41		- 11.3						9/19/							<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Estatus on pight operation (on or off) 1=closed	-	1			" come			Seil!		1.04	14	in Tour						,	
Temperature measured with 54 sensor	—	" <u>  u</u>			7.70	1 P. 1	. = .		d maga	19.3	1.7.19	117	T	74					
Thermostat temperature				14 , C (V	1		7		4.00	r A	0.44				20				
Read the present regulation reference	\-		2B	45-17-0 18-17-18-1	100		er er e	- 1	1, 1925			وديات	940	. E.	<b>1988</b>				
Status on Di2 output, on/1=closed			37			12	15-1 3		tiji (25.5	2220				1.18	5-3				
Temperature shown on display			56				PI P		65.5	200	. 19								<u> </u>
Measured temperature for alarm thermostat			57_	<u>ા છે</u>	-				ye_(s) is. kali	al b		441	219 S 4 - 3		9.3				
Measured temperature for shariff discretions			58	1,000	1 1 4	WE 2	100		Pa 30	1200	C (2.00)	-		10-1	97.1				
Status on relay for cooling	*	+ <b>*</b> ⊔	59	150.17					V	1	S 10 7 10	-		· 40	Alak				
Status on relay for fan	٠,	** U	60_		100			Filip Filip	146	144				3.3%	(10v)*5				$\neg$
Status on relay for defrost	_ -		61	Γ			- 19			<u> </u>	98	_ _		ا برد ب			-+-		
Status on relay for railheat	-		162	1	1				100	<u> </u>	1			7,00	}			-+-	<del>-  </del>
Status on relay for alarm	<del></del>		163	1	36					b. 2	()								$\dashv$
Status on relay for light			164	+-	+	+	_	. 6.		Т	1				ايي			<del></del>	
Status on relay for valve in suction line	i i	<u> </u>		+	-+-	-+	_		1,225	g -2.	A	-1	[			<u></u>			
Status on relay for compressor 2		** .	167	1					1 5.78.71										

<sup>\*)</sup> Can only be set when regulation is stopped (r12=0)

\*\*) Can be controlled manually, but only when r12=-1

\*\*\*) With access code 2 the access to these menues will be limited

Factory setting
If you need to return to the factory-set values, it can be done in this way:
- Cut out the supply voltage to the controller
- Keep both buttons depressed at the same time as you reconnect the supply voltage

<del></del> _				Τ	Room			
		Case		a funt stop on	Defrost stop			
uxiliary table for settings	Defrost stop on	Defros		Defrost stop on time	on S5			
(quick-setup)	time	on		4	5	6		
	1	2	3		3°C	-22°C		
Preset settings (062)		2°C	-24°C	6°C	<u>5°</u> C	-20°C		
Temperature (SP)	4°C	4°C	-22°C	8°⊂	<u>1°C</u>	-24°C		
Max. temp. setting (r02)	6°C	0°C	-26°C	4°C				
Min. temp. setting (r03)	2°℃	100%			0%	-15°C		
Sensor signal for thermostat, S4% (r15)		8°C	-15°C	10℃	8°C	-30°C		
Alarm limit high (A13)	10°C	<u>-5°C</u>	-30°C	0°C	0°C			
Alarm limit low (A14)	-5°C	100%			0%	12h		
Sensor signal for alarm funct.54% (A36)			12h	8h	8h	12.11		
Interval between defrost (d03)	6h	6h	1	0	1	<del></del>		
Defrost sensor: 0 = time, 1=\$5, 2=\$4 (d10)	0	1			Door function (=	3}		
		Case cleaning (=1	0)		0%			
DI1 config. (o02) Sensor signal for display view 54% (017)		100%						

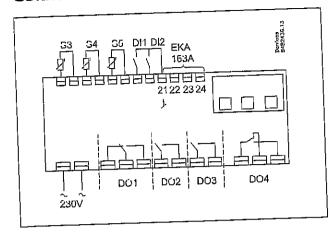
**Override**The controller contains a number of functions that can be used together with the override function in the master gateway / System Manager.

	Functions to be used in the gateway's	Used parameter in EKC 204A				
unction via data communication	override function					
Start of defrosting	Defrost control Time schedule	Def.start				
Coordinated defrost	Defrost control	HoldAfterDef u60 Def.relay				
	Day/night control	Night setbck				
Night setback	Time schedule	o39 Light Remote				
Light control	Day/night control Time schedule	029 Figur nervises				

rdering			Code no.
		Function	
pe (C 204A1	THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY	Refrigeration controller without data communication but prepared for LON RS 485 module	08488520
 Ka 179a		Data communication module LON RS 485	084B8565
EKA 181A		Battery and buzzer module that will protect the clock in case of lengthy power failure	084B8566
		Battery module that will protect the clock in case of lengthy power failure	084B8577
EKA 181C		Copy key EKC - EKC	08488567
EKA 182A			084B8562
EKA 163A	(EDD)	External display for EKC 204A1	



### Connections



### Prower supply

230 V a.c.

### S-ensors

5.3 and 54 are thermostat sensors.

A setting determines whether S3 or S4 or both of them are to be u sed.

§ 5 is a defrost sensor and is used if defrost has to be stopped >ased on temperature.

### Digital On/Off signals

A cut-in input will activate a function. The possible functions are described in menus oo2 and o37.

### External display

Connection of display type EKA 163A.

The general uses are mentioned here. See also page 6 where the different applications are shown.

DO1: Refrigeration. The relay will cut in when the controller demands refrigeration

DO2: Defrost. The relay will cut in when defrost is in progress

DO3: For either fans or refrigeration 2

Fans: The relay will cut in when the fans have to operate Refrigeration 2: The relay will cut in when refrigeration step 2 has to be cut in

DO4: For either alarm, rail heat, light or hotgas defrost

Alarm: Cf. diagram. The relay is cut in during normal operation and cuts out in alarm situations and when the controller

is dead (de-energised)

Rail heat: The relay cuts in when rail heat is to operate Light: The relay cuts in when the light has to be switched on Hotgas defrost: See diagram. The relay will cut in when defrost has to be done

### Data communication

The controller is available in several versions where data communication can be carried out with one of the following systems: MOD-bus or LON-R\$485.

If data communication is used, it is important that the installation of the data communication cable is performed correctly. See separate literature No. RC8AC...

### The controller cannot be hooked up with a monitoring unit type m2.

### Electric noise

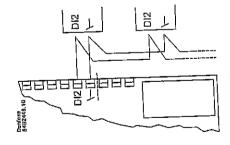
Cables for sensors, DI inputs and data communication must be kept separate from other electric cables:

- Use separate cable trays

- Keep a distance between cables of at least 10 cm

- Long cables at the DI input should be avoided

### Coordinated defrost via cable connections

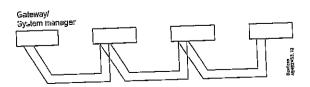


The following controllers can be connected up in this way:

**EKC 204A** 

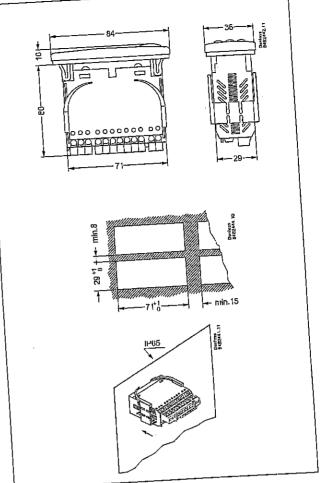
Refrigeration is resumed when all controllers have "released" the signal for defrost.

### Coordinated defrost via data communication



### Data

D+ 100	a.c. +10/-15 %	6 2 5 VA						
D+ 100	upply voltage 230 V a.c. +10/-15 %. 2.5 VA							
Pt 1000 or PTC (1000 ohm / 25°C) or NTC-M2020 (5000 ohm / 25°C)								
Meas	uring range	ring range   -60 to +99°C						
	\	±1 K below -35 C ±0,5 K between -35 to +25°C  ±1 K above +25°C						
		±0.3 K at 0°C ±0.005 K per gra	nd					
LED	, 3-digits	3-digits						
EKA	. 163A			l				
Rec	uirements to	uirements to contacts: Gold page 15 m						
Ma	ax,1,5 mm² mu	x,1,5 mm² multi-core cable						
+-		CE (250 V a.c.)	(240 V a.c.)					
		10 (6) A	5FLA, 30LRA					
<del> </del>		10 (6) A	5FLA, 30LRA					
DO3, Fan		6 (3) A	3FLA, 18LRA 131 VA Pilot duty					
	DO4, Alarm	4 (1) A Min. 100 mA	121 VA Pilot	_				
	-40 to +70°C	O to +55°C, During operations						
ts	20 - 80% Rh, not condensed							
Ì	No shock influence / vibrations							
t the	4 hours	4 hours						
	marking co	marking compiled with LVD tested acc. EN 60730-1 og EN 60730-2-9, A1, A2 LVD tested acc. EN 60730-1 og EN 60730-2-9, A2						
	NTC-IMeas  Continue Pt 11  LED  EKA  Sign  Rec  Cal  Usa  Di  RR	MTC-M2020 (5000) Measuring range  Controller  Pt 1000 sensor  LED, 3-digits  EKA 163A  Signal from contraction of the controller  Max.1,5 mm² mi  DO1.  Refirigeration  DO2. Defrost  DO3. Fan  DO4. Alarm  O to +55°C, D  -40 to +70°C, 20 - 80% Rh, No shock in P 65 from fr Buttons and the control of the cont	Measuring range	Measuring range   -60 to +99°C				



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Manual RS8DX402 © Danfoss 08-2006

<sup>\*</sup>DO1 and DO2 are 16 A relays, DO3 and DO4 are 8 A relays, Max, load must be keept

\*\*Gold plating ensures make function with small contact loads

\*\*\* UI-approval based on 30000 couplings

### **Functions**

### Thermostat

- •Weighted thermostat between S3 and S4
- Sensors: Danfoss Pt1000, PTC1000 or NTC5000
- Day/night control
- Thermostat band
- Weighted alarm thermostat (S3/S4) with delay

### Defrost

- Electric, natural, brine or hotgas defrost
- Start via DI input, time interval or schedule (RTC)
- Defrost on demand
- Stop on time or temperature
- Coordinated defrost

- High-effect relays for connection of compressors without use of intermediate relays
- Anti-cycle timers for optimum protection
- Control of two compressors

### Fan

- Fan delay during defrost
- Fan stop when compressor cuts out
- Fan stop at high S5 temperature

 Multi purpose DI inputs for defrost start, door function, night DI input setback, main switch, case cleaning, general alarm, defrost coordination and thermostat band.

### Light control

Light control for day/night, door, or via network

### Rail heat control

Rail heat control for day/night load

### Other functions

- Door function with alarm monitoring
- Manual control of outputs
- Case cleaning function

Weighted display readout between S3 and S4.

### Network

Built-in RS 485 data communication

### Supplementary options

- · Battery back-up card for real time clock
- "Copy key" programming key

### Advantages



### HACCP and EN 441-13:

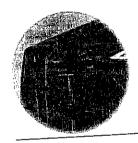
Factory calibration ensures that EKC 204 controllers in combination with a Pt 1000 sensor have a measuring accuracy better than +/- 1°C in the temperature range between -30°C and +15°C.



### IP 65 rating guaranteed:

Integration of push buttons and packing in the controller's front panel ensures a cleaning-safe tightness.

Danfols



### Quick and easy installation:

The integrated mounting bracket in the controller's housing ensures quick and easy installation of the



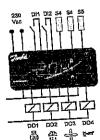
### Quick and easy programming:

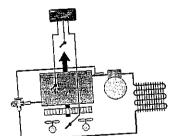
The "Copy key" programming key can save up to 25 different controller

A valuable tool when controllers have to be programmed without any risk of errors

### Application adaptation:

Via a simple selection the controller can be adapted to 10 different applications, as indicated in the table on the right-hand side.





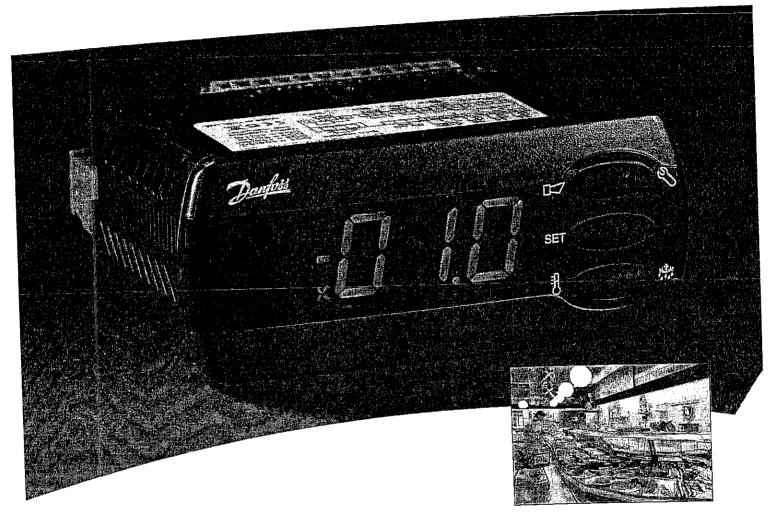
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		Outp	uts			_	S3 I	54	S5
Application no.	DO1_	DO2	DO3	DO4	DI1	DI2	123	<del>-34</del> -}	
	192	<b>以</b>	<b>a</b>	ğani'	•	•	•		
1		6 % à	<del> \ - \</del>	**	-			•	•
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6	(40)			******		<del></del>	+-		1
		4124		\$\$\$\$\$\$	L		<u> </u>		┼—
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8			<del>-\</del>		_				1.
9		4.1			-	<u>'   '</u>	<u>-   `</u>		
		45/25		14	>   e	• \ '	•   •	•	<u>'</u>
10		C L	*3: Sucti	on line !	plenc	id va	ve		
<u> </u>	acc valve		.3:20cm	011 11110-	,				

\*1: Hotgas and bypass valve \*2: Liquid line solenold valve \*3: Suction line solenoid valve

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RESETZO2

Danjosi



# **EKC 204A Universal Refrigeration Controller**

Via a simple selection EKC 204A can be adapted to ten different applications – from control of air temperature and defrost to more advanced applications including control of two compressors, light, fans, rail heat, hotgas defrost and alarm output

**Compact hardware design:** Integration of 230 V a.c. voltage supply, three temperature sensors, four relays, "super cap" real time clock and built-in data communication without compromising with the dimensions.

IP 65 rating guaranteed: Danfoss' innovative plastic moulding technology has made it possible to integrate push buttons and packing in the controller's front panel.

**Simple installation:** High-effect 16A relays enable direct connection of heavy loads, such as compressors or defrost elements without use of intermediate relays.

**Quick and safe programming:** The "Copy key" programming key with room for 25 different controller setups.

HACCP and EN 441-13: Factory calibration ensures that the measuring accuracy of all EKC 204 controllers in combination with a Pt 1000 sensor is better than required in EN 441-13 without any subsequent calibration.